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## Gas Sensing Characteristics of Nanocrystalline Ba<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>MoO<sub>4</sub> Thick Film Prepared by Sol-Gel Method

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Thick-film gas sensors were fabricated from nanocrystalline pure and doped  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$  powders; fine and homogeneously sized powders were prepared using chemical methods such as sol-gel technique. X-ray diffraction (XRD) has confirmed the formation of nanocrystalline  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$  structure (JCPDS 30–157) for sol-gel powders after annealing. The results obtained from XRD and transmission electron microscope (TEM) show that the powders have nanocrystalline structure and the mean particle sizes of  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$  powders with and without CuO are approximately 33 and 21.8 nm, respectively. The gas sensing measurements indicate that the  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$  sensors show good response to  $H_2S$  and poor response to other reducing gases such as  $H_2$ , LPG, and CO. The sensitivity was improved by the incorporation of CuO as an additive in  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$ . The maximum sensitivity was obtained for  $Ba_{0.5}Sr_{0.5}MoO_4$  with 4 wt% CuO decreases the operating temperature from 250 to 200°C while increasing the sensitivity to  $H_2S$ .

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