Sensors and Materials, Vol. 20, No. 7 (2008) 341–349 MYU Tokyo

S & M 0731

## Thermal-Type Blood Flow Sensor on Titanium Microneedle

Takashi Mineta, Yuki Tanahashi, Eiji Makino, Satoshi Toh<sup>1</sup>, Takahiro Kawashima<sup>2</sup> and Takayuki Shibata<sup>2</sup>

Graduate School of Science and Technology, Hirosaki University, 3 Bunkyo-cho, Hirosaki, Aomori 036-8561 Japan 'Graduate School of Medicine, Hirosaki University, 5 Zaifu-cho, Hirosaki, Aomori 036-8562, Japan <sup>2</sup>Department of Production Systems Engineering, Toyohashi University of Technology, 1-1 Hibarigaoka, Tempaku-cho, Toyohashi 441-8580, Japan

(Received August 1, 2008; accepted November 18, 2008)

Key words: thermal flow sensor, Ti needle, blood flow, electrochemical etching

In this paper, we describe a thermal-type blood flow microsensor that is inserted in a blood vessel and used to detect the flow rate change caused by a thrombus. The sensor is based on a Ti microneedle, on which a Pt microheater and a Pt-Au microthermocouple are formed. The microneedle was fabricated from a Ti sheet of 50  $\mu$ m thickness by electrochemical etching and chemical etching in succession. The characteristics of the fabricated sensor were evaluated in flows of water and a viscous fluid in an artificial flow channel 1.2 mm in diameter. At a safe heating level ( $\leq 42^{\circ}$ C), the sensor could measure a flow velocity of up to several cm/s. The sensor has high sensitivity in the flow velocity range of 0–1 cm/s, indicating that it can detect the blood flow reduction due to a thrombus in a vein.

\*Corresponding author: e-mail: mineta@cc.hirosaki-u.ac.jp